

1. (Amended) A catalytic hybridization composition comprising:

a probe containing at least one probe nucleobase sequence and  
at least one scissile linkage sequence;

an enzyme adapted to cleave said at least one scissile linkage  
sequence;

B<sub>2</sub>  
a nucleic acid target containing at least one target  
nucleobase sequence associated with said nucleobase  
sequence of said probe by Watson-Crick bonding to form a  
multiplex structure; and

a hybridization medium containing said probe, said enzyme and  
said nucleic acid target,

wherein at least one of said probe nucleobase sequence and  
said target nucleobase sequence is double-stranded and is bonded to  
the other of the probe nucleobase sequence or the target nucleobase  
sequence solely through Watson-Crick base triplets.

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24. (Amended) A method for assaying binding, said method  
comprising:

B<sub>3</sub>  
providing a probe containing at least one probe nucleobase  
sequence and at least one scissile linkage sequence;

providing an enzyme adapted to cleave said at least one  
scissile linkage sequence;

providing a target containing at least one target nucleobase sequence;

combining said probe, said enzyme and said target in a hybridization medium further containing water, a buffer and at least one promoter;

incubating said hybridization medium to hybridize said probe nucleobase sequence to said target nucleobase sequence by Watson-Crick bonding to form a multiplex, wherein at least one of said probe nucleobase sequence and said target nucleobase sequence is double-stranded and is bonded to the other of the probe nucleobase sequence or the target nucleobase sequence solely through Watson-Crick base triplets;

cleaving hybridized probes at said at least one scissile linkage to provide unbound probe fragments; and detecting said unbound probe fragments to assay binding between said probe and said target.

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cont  
B  
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